

Paramedic Medical Emergencies Exam Study Guide

Learn the Facts

In preparation for this exam, please be sure that you have reviewed the following information provided by your textbook:

- Anatomy and Physiology
- Conditions listed in the index
- Glossary words
- Medical terms listed in each chapter
- Pathophysiology

Understand the Concepts

We especially recommend that you understand the following concepts and terminology:

- 1. Pyrogenic reactions
- 2. Endocrine disease (such as, but not limited to, Thyrotoxicosis)
- 3. Airway infections (such as, but not limited to, Laryngotracheobronchitis)
- 4. Bleeding disorders and the coagulation process
- 5. Physiology of electrical injuries
- 6. Pathophysiology of angioedema
- 7. Pathophysiology of hypothermia
- 8. Pathophysiology of demylenating disorders (such as, but not limited to, Guillain-Barre syndrome and multiple sclerosis)
- 9. Pathophysiology of Hyperosmolar Hyperglycemic Nonketotic Syndrome (HHNS)
- 10. Differences between upper and lower GI bleeds
- 11. Acid-base balance and buffering system of pH
- 12. Generic and trade names of medications
- 13. Pathophysiology of cranial nerve inflammation
- 14. Signs and symptoms of spider bites (such as, but not limited to, black widows)

Perform the Skills

Finally, make sure you can:

- 1. Differentiate between types of intracranial hemorrhages
- 2. Evaluate the effects of untreated infections
- 3. Recognize an antidepressant overdose
- 4. Differentiate between types and phases of seizures
- 5. Differentiate between various forms of hyperglycemia
- 6. Treat a postictal patient
- 7. Evaluate respiratory efforts on blood pH levels
- 8. Provide pharmacological interventions for a seizure patient
- 9. Treat and communicate with a psychiatric patient